## VITEEE - 2017 - SYLLABUS

## CHEMISTRY

## 1. Atomic Structure

Bohr's atomic model-Sommerfeld's extension of atomic structure; Electronic configuration and Quantum numbers; Shapes of s,p,d,f orbitals - Pauli's exclusion principle - Hund's Rule of maximum multiplicity- Aufbau principle. Emission and absorption spectra, line and band spectra; Hydrogen spectrum - Lyman, Balmer, Paschen, Brackett and Pfund series; deBroglie's theory; Heisenberg's uncertainty principle - wave nature of electron - Schrodinger wave equation (No derivation). Eigen values and eigen functions. Hybridization of atomic orbitals involving s,p and d orbitals.

## 2. p,d and f-Block Elements

p-block elements - Phosphorous compounds; $\mathrm{PCl}_{3}, \mathrm{PCl}_{5}$ - Oxides. Hydrogen halides, Inter halogen compounds. Xenon fluoride compounds. General Characteristics of d - block elements - Electronic Configuration - Oxidation states of first row transition elements and their colours. Occurrence and principles of extraction: Copper, Silver, Gold and Zinc. Preparation and properties of $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}, \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$.

Lanthanides - Introduction, electronic configuration, general characteristics, oxidation state lanthanide contraction, uses, brief comparison of Lanthanides and Actinides.

## 3. Coordination Chemistry and Solid State Chemistry

Introduction - Terminology in coordination chemistry - IUPAC nomenclature of mononuclear coordination compounds. Isomerism, Geometrical isomerism in 4-coordinate, 6-coordinate complexes. Theories on coordination compounds - Werner's theory (brief), Valence Bond theory. Uses of coordination compounds. Bioinorganic compounds (Haemoglobin and chlorophyll).

Lattice - unit cell, systems, types of crystals, packing in solids; Ionic crystals - Imperfections in solids - point defects. X-Ray diffraction - Electrical Property, Amorphous solids (elementary ideas only).

## 4. Thermodynamics, Chemical Equilibrium and Chemical Kinetics

I and II law of thermodynamics - spontaneous and non spontaneous processes, entropy, Gibb's free energy - Free energy change and chemical equilibrium - significance of entropy. Law of mass action - Le Chatlier's principle, applications of chemical equilibrium. Rate expression, order and molecularity of reactions, zero order, first order and pseudo first order reaction - half life period. Determination of rate constant and order of reaction. Temperature dependence of rate constant - Arrhenius equation and activation energy.

## 5. Electrochemistry

Theory of electrical conductance; metallic and electrolytic conductance. Faraday's laws theory of strong electrolytes - Specific resistance, specific conductance, equivalent and molar conductance - Variation of conductance with dilution - Kohlrausch's Law - Ionic product of water, pH and $\mathrm{pH}-$ buffer solutions - use of pH values. Cells - Electrodes and electrode potentials - construction of cell and EMF values, Fuel cells, Corrosion and its prevention.

## 6. Isomerism in Organic Compounds

Definition, Classification - structural isomerism, stereo isomerism - geometrical and optical isomerism. Optical activity- chirality - compounds containing chiral centres - R, S notation, D, L notation.

## 7. Alcohols and Ethers

Nomenclature of alcohols - Classification of alcohols - distinction between $1^{10}, 2^{0}$ and $3^{0}$ alcohols - General methods of preparation of primary alcohols, properties. Methods of preparation of dihydric alcohols: Glycol - Properties - Uses. Methods of preparation of trihydric alcohols - Properties - Uses. Aromatic alcohols - preparation and properties of phenols and benzyl alcohol.

Ethers - Nomenclature of ethers - general methods of preparation of aliphatic ethers Properties - Uses. Aromatic ethers - Preparation of Anisole - Uses.

## 8. Carbonyl Compounds

Nomenclature of carbonyl compounds - Comparison of aldehydes and ketones. General methods of preparation of aldehydes - Properties - Uses. Aromatic aldehydes - Preparation of benzaldehyde - Properties and Uses. Ketones - general methods of preparation of aliphatic ketones (acetone) - Properties - Uses. Aromatic ketones - preparation of acetophenone Properties - Uses, preparation of benzophenone - Properties. Name reactions; Clemmenson reduction, Wolff - Kishner reduction, Cannizzaro reaction, Claisen Schmidt reaction, Benzoin Condensation, Aldol Condensation. Preparation and applications of Grignard reagents.

## 9. Carboxylic Acids and their derivatives

Nomenclature - Preparation of aliphatic monocarboxylic acids - formic acid - Properties Uses. Monohydroxy mono carboxylic acids; Lactic acid - Synthesis of lactic acid. Aliphatic dicarboxylic acids; Preparation of oxalic and succinic acids. Aromatic acids; Benzoic and Salicylic acids - Properties - Uses. Derivatives of carboxylic acids; acetyl chloride $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCl}\right)$ Preparation - Properties - Uses. Preparation of acetamide, Properties - acetic anhydride Preparation, Properties. Preparation of esters - methyl acetate - Properties.

## 10. Organic Nitrogen Compounds and Biomolecules

Aliphatic nitro compounds - Preparation of aliphatic nitroalkanes - Properties - Uses. Aromatic nitro compounds - Preparation - Properties - Uses. Distinction between aliphatic and aromatic nitro compounds. Amines; aliphatic amines - General methods of preparation Properties - Distinction between $1^{0}, 2^{0}$ and $3^{0}$ amines. Aromatic amines - Synthesis of benzylamine - Properties, Aniline - Preparation - Properties - Uses. Differences between aliphatic and aromatic amines. Aliphatic nitriles - Preparation - properties - Uses. Diazonium salts - Preparation of benzene diazoniumchloride - Properties.

Carbohydrates - Distinction between sugars and non sugars, structural formulae of glucose, fructose and sucrose, with their linkages, invert sugar - definition, examples of oligo and polysaccharides,

Amino acids - Classification with examples, Peptides-properties of peptide bond,
Lipids - Definition, classification with examples, difference between fats, oils and waxes.

